

CHAPTER 14

CONTRACT TERMINATIONS

[24 CFR 982.311, 982.314]

INTRODUCTION

The Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract is the contract between the owner and the HA which defines the responsibilities of both parties. This Chapter describes the circumstances under which the contract can be terminated by the HA and the owner, and the policies and procedures for such terminations.

A. CONTRACT TERMINATION [24 CFR 982.311]

The term of the HAP Contract is the same as the term of the lease. The Contract between the owner and the HA may be terminated by the HA, or by the owner or tenant terminating the lease.

No future subsidy payments on behalf of the family will be made by the HA to the owner after the month in which the Contract is terminated. The owner must reimburse the HA for any subsidies paid by the HA for any period after the contract termination date.

If the family continues to occupy the unit after the Section 8 contract is terminated, the family is responsible for the total amount of rent due to the owner. The owner will have no right to claim compensation from the HA for vacancy loss under the provisions of Certificate HAP contracts effective before October 2, 1995.

After a contract termination, if the family meets the criteria for a move with continued assistance, the family may lease-up in another unit. The contract for the new unit may begin during the month in which the family moved from the old unit.

B. TERMINATION BY THE FAMILY: MOVES [24 CFR 982.314(c)(2)]

Family termination of the lease must be in accordance with the terms of the lease.

C. TERMINATION OF TENANCY BY THE OWNER: EVICTIONS [24 CFR 982.310, 982.455]

If the owner wishes to terminate the lease, the owner is required under the lease, to provide proper notice as stated in the lease.

During the term of the lease, the owner may not terminate the tenancy except for the grounds stated in the HUD regulations.

During the term of the lease the owner may only evict for:

- Serious or repeated violations of the lease, including but not limited to failure to pay rent or other amounts due under the lease, or repeated violation of the terms and conditions of the lease;
- Violations of federal, state or local law that imposes obligations on the tenant in connection with the occupancy or use of the premises; or Criminal activity by the tenant, any member of the household, a guest or another person under the tenant's control that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by the other residents, or persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises or any drug-related criminal activity on or near the premises.
- Other good cause.

During the initial term of the lease, the owner may not terminate the tenancy for “other good cause” unless the owner is terminating the tenancy because of something the family did or failed to do (*see 982.310*).

The owner must provide the tenant a written notice specifying the grounds for termination of tenancy, at or before the commencement of the eviction action. The notice may be included in, or may be combined with, any owner eviction notice to the tenant.

The owner eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint, or other initial pleading used under State or local law to commence an eviction action.

The HA requires that the owner specify the section of the lease that has been violated and cite some or all of the ways in which the tenant has violated that section as documentation for the HA’s decision regarding termination of assistance.

Housing assistance payments are paid to the owner under the terms of the HAP Contract. If the owner has begun eviction and the family continues to reside in the unit, the HA must continue to make housing assistance payments to the owner until the owner has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the tenant.

CHAPTER 14

The HA will continue housing assistance payments until the family moves or is evicted from the unit. If the action is finalized in court, the owner must provide the HA with the documentation, including notice of the lockout date.

The HA must continue making housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the Contract as long as the tenant continues to occupy the unit and the Contract is not violated. By endorsing the monthly check from the HA, the owner certifies that the tenant is still in the unit, the rent is reasonable and s/he is in compliance with the contract.

If an eviction is not due to a serious or repeated violation of the lease, and if the HA has no other grounds for termination of assistance, the HA may issue a new certificate or voucher so that the family can move with continued assistance.

D. TERMINATION OF THE CONTRACT BY HA [24 CFR 982.404(a), 982.453, 982.454, 982.552(a)(3)]

The term of the HAP contract terminates when the lease terminates, when the HA terminates program assistance for the family, and when the owner has breached the HAP contract. (See "Owner Disapproval and Restriction" chapter).

The HA may also terminate the contract if:

- The HA terminates assistance to the family.
- The family is required to move from a unit when the subsidy is too big for the family size (pre-merger Certificate Program) or the unit does not meet the HQS space standards because of an increase in family size or a change in family composition (Certificate and Voucher Programs).
- Funding is no longer available under the ACC.

The contract will terminate automatically if 180 days have passed since the last housing assistance payment to the owner.

Termination of Premerger Certificate HAPS [24 CFR 982.502(d)]

The HA must terminate program assistance under any outstanding HAP contract for a regular tenancy under the premerger certificate program at the effective date of the second regular reexamination of family income and composition on or after the merger date. At such termination of assistance, the HAP contract will automatically terminate. The HA will give the owner and family at least 120 days written notice of such termination. The HA will offer the family the opportunity for continued tenant-based assistance under the voucher program.

Any OFTO tenancy HAP contract entered into prior to the merger date will automatically be considered as a tenancy under the Voucher program. Such tenancies will be subject to the requirements of the voucher program, including calculation of the Housing Assistance Payment. However, as stated earlier in this section, premerger HAP calculations will remain applicable until the effective date of the second regular reexamination of family income and composition on or after the merger date.

Notice of Termination

When the HA terminates the HAP contract under the violation of HQS space standards, the HA will provide the owner and family written notice of termination of the contract, and the HAP contract terminates at the end of the calendar month that follows the calendar month in which the HA gives such notice to the owner.

E. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

All disputes will be handled on a case-by-case basis. People may dispute terminations and/or decisions submitting a written request to the Housing Office and requesting a review of the dispute. Disputes will be handled by the Section 8 Housing Coordinator. People may submit a second written request for a final review of their dispute by the Director of the Housing Office. All decisions rendered by the Director are final.